6.2 Recitation Exercises

1. Find the exact value of the following:

a)
$$\cos\left(\frac{-7\pi}{6}\right)$$

b) $\sin\left(\frac{-7\pi}{4}\right)$
c) $\cot\left(\frac{-5\pi}{6}\right)$
d) $\sec\left(\frac{11\pi}{6}\right)$

- **2.** If cos 5 = a and sin 5 = b, then a b = b
 - **A)** a positive real number.
 - **B)** a negative real number.
 - C) zero.
 - D) undefined.
- **3.** Write the first expression in terms of the second
 - **a)** $\tan x$, $\sin x$ where *x* is in Quadrant *IV*
 - **b**) tan *x*, sec *x* where *x* is in Quadrant *III*
- **4.** Determine whether the function $f(x) = \cos(-2\sin^2 x^3)$ is even, odd, or neither.

6.3 Recitation Exercises

- **1.** Graph the following functions:
 - a) $f(x) = |\sin x|$, where $-2\pi \le x \le 2\pi$ b) $f(x) = -6 \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, where $-4 \le x \le 4$
- 2. If the graph of the function $f(x) = a \cos(c + bx)$ has a period of $\frac{2\pi}{3}$, a horizontal shift of $\frac{\pi}{4}$ to the left and f(0) = 1, then a =A) 1 B) -1 C) $\sqrt{2}$ D) $-\sqrt{2}$ E) 2
- **3.** If *M* is the maximum value and m is the minimum value of the function $f(x) = -3 |\sin(2\pi x 1)| + 5$, then M + m =
 - A) 10 B) 13 C) 0 D) 3 E) 7
- **4.** Which one of the following is the graph of $y = \frac{1}{4}\cos 2\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ over one period?



6.4 Recitation Exercises

- **1.** Find **the interval(s) in which** the graph of the function $f(x) = -\csc\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right)$, where -2 < x < 2, is increasing.
- **2.** If a < 0, b > 0 are two vertical asymptotes of the graph of the function $f(x) = 2 \sec\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ over the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$, then find the value of *ab*.
- **3.** The number of intersection point(s) of the graphs of y = tan|x| and y = 1 in the interval $\left(\frac{-3\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$ is **A)** 2 **B)** 3 **C)** 4 **D)** 5 **E)** 6
- 4. The graph below can be represented by the trigonometric function
 - A) $f(x) = -2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ B) $f(x) = 2 \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x + 1\right)$ C) $f(x) = 2 \cot(x + 1)$ D) $f(x) = 2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ E) $f(x) = -2 \tan(x + 1)$

5. If the adjacent figure is the graph of the function $f(x) = a \csc(bx + c) + d$, then the value of $\frac{abcd}{\pi}$ is equal to

- ,
- **B)** 2
- **C)** 1/2
- **D)** -1/2
- **E)** -2



6.5 Recitation Exercises

- **1.** Find the exact value of each expression:
 - a) $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ b) $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$ c) $\tan^{-1}(-1)$
- **2.** Find the exact value of
 - a) $\cos^{-1}(\cos\frac{3\pi}{5})$ b) $\sin^{-1}(\cos\frac{5\pi}{4})$ c) $\tan^{-1}(\tan\frac{4\pi}{3})$ d) $\sin^{-1}\left[\sin\frac{3\pi}{5}\right]$. e) $\cos\left(\cos^{-1}\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
- **3.** If the range of $y = -\cos^{-1}(2 7x) + k$ is $[\pi, 2\pi]$, then the value of k is equal to
 - A) π B) $-\pi$ C) 2π D) 2 E) -2
- **4.** The domain of $y = 2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{3}$ is **A)** [-1,1] **B)** [-2,2] **C)** [-3,3] **D)** [-6,6] **E)** $\left[-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right]$