

5.1: (Angle Measure)

An arc of length 150 m subtends a central angle of 300° in a circle of radius r .

The radius r is equal to

(a) $\frac{90}{\pi}$ m

(b) $\frac{1}{2}$ m

(c) $\frac{\pi}{90}$ m

(d) $\frac{180}{\pi}$ m

(e) 2500π m

The length of the arc intercepted by a central angle of 210° in a circle of radius 6 cm is given

A) 7π cm

B) $\frac{7\pi}{2}$ cm

C) 630 cm

D) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ cm

E) $\frac{7}{2}$ cm

If the arc length 14π cm makes an angle 315° in a circle, then the radius of the circle is

A) 8 cm

B) 16 cm

C) 24 cm

D) $\frac{49\pi^2}{2}$ cm

E) $\frac{56}{5}$ cm

If an arc subtends a central angle of measure 60° in a circle with radius 5 cm, then the arc length is

A) $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ cm

B) $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ cm

C) $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ cm

D) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ cm

E) $\frac{10\pi}{3}$ cm

The length of the arc intercepted by a central angle of measure 30° in a circle of diameter 72 cm is

A) 12π cm

B) 6π cm

C) 36π cm

D) 1080 cm

E) 6 cm

The length of the arc intercepted by a central angle of measure 144° of a circle of diameter 40 cm is

A) 16π cm

B) 20π cm

C) 48π cm

D) 32π cm

E) 2880 cm

If an arc of length $\frac{16\pi}{3}$ cm subtends a central angle of measure θ° in a circle with diameter 24 cm, then $\theta =$

A) 80

B) 40

C) 20

D) 160

E) 240

If a 100π centimeters arc length subtends a 240° central angle in a circle of radius r , then the radius r in centimeters is

A) 75

B) 150

C) 300

D) $\frac{12\pi}{5}$

E) $\frac{5\pi}{12}$

In a circle of radius r , an arc length of 10π centimeters is intercepted by a central angle 200° , then r is equal to:

A) 9 centimeters.

B) $\frac{10}{9}$ centimeters.

C) 9π centimeters.

D) $\frac{9\pi}{10}$ centimeters.

E) $\frac{100}{9}$ centimeters.

The length of an arc intercepted by a central angle 135° , in a circle of radius 2π cm. is

A) $\frac{3\pi^2}{2}$ cm.

B) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ cm.

C) $\frac{3}{8}$ cm.

D) $\frac{3}{2}$ cm.

E) $\frac{8\pi^2}{3}$ cm.

A tire rotates 240 times per minute. Through how many degrees does a point on the edge of the tire move in $\frac{1}{2}$ second?

A) 720°

B) 1040°

C) 1440°

D) 180°

E) 360°

The arc length of 200π cm subtends a central angle of 300° in a circle of radius r . The radius r is equal to

(A) 120 cm

B) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ cm

C) 180 cm

D) 150 cm

E) $\frac{3}{2\pi}$ cm

In the adjacent figure if the smaller gear rotates through an angle of 225° then the angle through which the larger gear rotates is equal to:

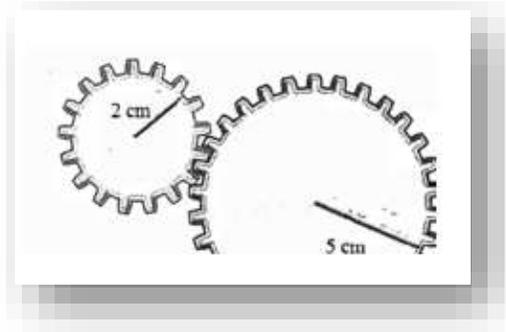
(a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$

(b) $\frac{25\pi}{8}$

(c) 270°

(d) 135°

(e) 180°



The length of the arc intercepted by a central angle 330° of a circle of radius 12 cm is

A) $22\pi\text{cm}$

B) 3960 cm

C) 396 cm

D) $18\pi\text{cm}$

E) $17\pi\text{cm}$

If a 12π cm arc length subtends a central angle of measure 40° in a circle with radius r cm, then

A) 54

B) 36

C) 24

D) 12

E) 72

The length of an arc that subtends a central angle of 80° in a circle of diameter 20 cm is equal to

A) $\frac{80\pi}{9}$ cm

B) $\frac{29\pi}{3}$ cm

C) 800 cm

D) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ cm

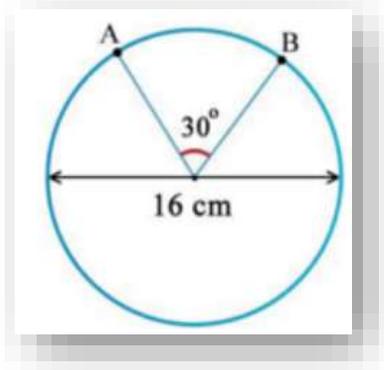
E) $\frac{40\pi}{9}$ cm

If the arc length 21π cm makes a central angle of 315° in a circle, then the radius of the circle is

- A) 12 cm
- B) 16 cm
- C) 24 cm
- D) $\frac{7\pi}{105}$ cm
- E) $\frac{84}{5}$ cm

In the adjacent figure, the arc length $AB =$

- A) $\frac{4\pi}{3}$ cm
- B) $\frac{8\pi}{3}$ cm
- C) 480 cm
- D) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ cm
- E) 240 cm



If $\alpha = 575^\circ$ and $\theta = \frac{-11\pi}{6}$ are two angles in the standard position, then which one of the following statements is TRUE about the locations of α and θ ?

- A) α is a Quadrant III angle and θ is a Quadrant IV angle
- B) α is a Quadrant II angle and θ is a Quadrant IV angle
- C) α is a Quadrant IV angle and θ is a Quadrant III angle
- D) α is a Quadrant III angle and θ is a Quadrant I angle
- E) α is a Quadrant I angle and θ is a Quadrant II angle

The value of $\theta = \frac{11\pi}{15}$ in degrees is equal to:

- A) 132°
- B) 135°
- C) 137°
- D) 138°
- E) 139°

The value of $\theta = \frac{11\pi}{15}$ in degrees is equal to :

A) 132°

B) 135°

C) 137°

D) 138°

E) 139°

If x is the largest negative angle coterminal with $\alpha = -975^\circ$ and y is the largest negative angle coterminal with $\beta = 75^\circ$, then $x - y =$

A) 30°

B) 60°

C) -180°

D) -60°

E) -135°

Which one of the following angles is NOT coterminal with 361° ?

A) -721°

B) -359°

C) 1°

D) -1079°

E) 1081°

If $\alpha = 475^\circ$ and $\beta = -\frac{11\pi}{6}$ are two angles in standard position, $2\alpha + \beta$ is in the

A) third quadrant

B) first quadrant

C) second quadrant

D) fourth quadrant

E) quadrantal angle

The greatest negative angle that is coterminal with $\frac{27\pi}{5}$ is

A) $-\frac{3\pi}{5}$

B) $-\pi$

C) $-\frac{2\pi}{5}$

D) $-\frac{4\pi}{5}$

E) $-\frac{\pi}{5}$

Which one of the following angles is NOT coterminal with 60° ?

A) -240°

B) 420°

C) -300°

D) 780°

E) -660°

Which one of the following angles is coterminal with the angle 777° ?

A) -663°

B) 50°

C) -50°

D) -203°

E) 47°

Which one of the following angles is NOT coterminal with 55° ?

A) 235°

B) 415°

C) -305°

D) 775°

E) -665°

Which one of the following angles is NOT coterminal with -361° ?

(A) 1°

B) -1°

C) 359°

D) -721°

E) -1081°

If x° is a positive angle in standard position, which one of the following angles is coterminal with x° ?

A) $x^\circ - 360^\circ$

B) $x^\circ - 90^\circ$

C) $x^\circ + 180^\circ$

D) $360^\circ - x^\circ$

E) $x^\circ + 180^\circ$

If $\alpha = \theta + 45^\circ$, then which one of the following angles is NOT coterminal with θ ?

A) $a - 235^\circ$

B) $a + 315^\circ$

C) $\alpha - 405^\circ$

D) $a + 675^\circ$

E) $a - 765^\circ$

Which one of the following angles is NOT coterminal with 50° ?

A) 310°

B) 410°

C) -310°

D) 770°

E) -670°

Each wheel on a bicycle has a radius of 30 centimeters. If the wheels are rotating at 150 revolutions per minute, then the linear speed of the bicycle in meters per second is

A) $0.45\pi\text{m/s}$

B) $4.5\pi\text{m/s}$

C) $1.5\pi\text{m/s}$

D) $\frac{5\pi}{3}\text{ m/s}$

E) $0.15\pi\text{m/s}$

The wheels of a car have radius 9 inches and are rotating at 300 revolutions per minute. The speed of the car in inches per second is

A) 150π

B) 45π

C) 90π

D) 900π

E) 180π

The linear speed of a compact disc is 30π feet per minute. If the diameter of the disc is 10 feet, then the angular speed of the disc in revolutions per minute is

A) 3

B) 4

C) 6

D) 5

E) 2

A tire is rotating 600 times per minute. Through how many degrees does a point on the edge of the tire move in 0.25sec ?

A) 900°

B) 800°

C) 700°

D) 600°

E) 500°

If the tires on a bicycle with radius 18 centimeters are rotating at 240 revolutions per minute, then the speed of the bicycle in centimeters per second is

A) 144π

B) 72π

C) 8π

D) 216π

E) 288π

If a car is moving along a circular path of radius 2 kilometers and making $\frac{1}{4}$ revolution per minute, then the distance traveled by the car in kilometers along the path in 3 hours is

A) 180π

B) 240π

C) 60π

D) 120π

E) 300π

The tires of a car have diameter 40 centimeters and are turning 5 times per second. How fast is the car traveling in centimeters per minute?

A) 12000π

B) 4000π

C) 5000π

D) 8400π

E) 2000π

A pulley has a radius of 10 centimeters. If it takes 20 seconds for 60 centimeters of the belt to go around the pulley, then the angular speed of the pulley in radians per second, is equal to:

A) 0.3

B) 3

C) $\frac{10}{3}$

D) $\frac{1}{120}$

E) 120

A wheel has a radius 25 feet, if it takes the wheel 30 seconds to turn 150° , the angular speed of the wheel is:

A) $\frac{\pi}{36}$ radian/sec.

B) $\frac{\pi}{360}$ radian/sec.

C) $\frac{75\pi}{3}$ radian/sec.

D) $\frac{\pi}{30}$ radian/sec.

E) $\frac{125\pi}{6}$ radian/sec.

If the point P moves around the circumference of a unit circle at an angular speed of 1rad/sec , then the time it takes P to complete one rotation on the circle is:

A) $2\pi\text{sec}$

B) πsec

C) 1sec

D) $\frac{1}{\pi}\text{sec}$

E) $\frac{\pi}{2}\text{sec}$

Each tire of a car has a radius of 40 cm. If the tires are rotating at 500 revolutions per minute, then the speed of the car in kilometers per hour is:
(1 km = 10^5 cm)

A) 24π

B) 150

C) 30π

D) $\frac{51}{2}\pi$

E) 19π

If a point on the edge of a circle with radius 30 cm, is rotating with angular speed of $\frac{\pi}{10}$ radian per second, then the distance traveled by the point in 45 seconds is

(A) $135\pi\text{cm}$

B) $150\pi\text{cm}$

C) $180\pi\text{cm}$

D) $90\pi\text{cm}$

E) $145\pi\text{cm}$

If the tires on a car have diameter 36 cm and are rotating at 70 revolutions per minute, then the speed of the car in cm per second is equal to:

A) 42π

B) 21π

C) 84π

D) 1260

E) 2520

Suppose that a point P is on the edge of a circle with diameter 20 cm, and P is rotating with angular speed of $\frac{\pi}{18}$ radian per second. The distance travelled by P in 6 seconds is

A) $\frac{10\pi}{3}$ cm

B) $\frac{20\pi}{3}$ cm

C) 10π cm

D) $\frac{10\pi}{7}$ cm

E) $\frac{10\pi}{9}$ cm

A point on the edge of a disc is 6 feet from the center. If the disc is rotating at 5 revolutions per minute, then the linear speed in feet per minute is

A) 60π

B) 30

C) 30π

D) 120π

E) 120

A belt runs a pulley of radius 9 centimeters at 80 revolutions per minute, then the linear speed of the belt in centimeters per second is

(a) 24π

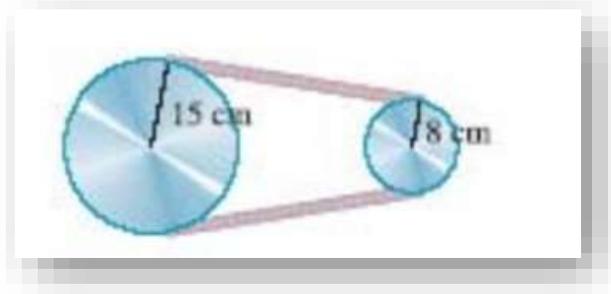
(b) 1440π

(c) 720

(d) $\frac{6}{\pi}$

(e) $\frac{360}{\pi}$

The two pulleys in the figure have radii 15 cm and 8 cm respectively. If the larger pulley rotates 120 times in a minute, then the angular speed of the smaller pulley in radians per second is



A) $\frac{15\pi}{2}$

B) $\frac{13\pi}{4}$

C) $\frac{25\pi}{4}$

D) 5π

E) 15π

The wheels of a car have radius 30 cm, they are rotating at 250rev/min. Then, the distance (in km) run by the car in 30 minutes is equal to

A) $\frac{450}{\pi}$ km

B) 15π km

C) 7.5π km

D) 4.5π km

E) 0.05π km

If a scooter with 10 cm radius tires moves 4800π cm per minute, then the number of revolutions per second the scooter's tires are making is

- A) 4
- B) 8
- C) 2
- D) 40
- E) 80

A circular arc has length 10π cm and subtends a central angle of 150° . If another arc of the same circle subtends a central angle of 210° , then its length is equal to

- A) 14π cm
- B) 16π cm
- C) 18π cm
- D) $\frac{28\pi}{3}$ cm
- E) $\frac{42\pi}{5}$ cm

