1.3: Lines and slopes

1. The equation of the line that passes through the center of the circle $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 5$, and parallel to the line y = 3x - 11, is

> A) 3x - y - 5 = 0B) 3x - y + 5 = 0C) x - 3y - 5 = 0D) x + 3y - 5 = 0E) 3x + y + 5 = 0

2. The equation of the line that passes through the point (-1, -2) and perpendicular to a line with undefined slope is

A)
$$y = -2$$

B) $x = -1$
C) $y = -1$
D) $x = -2$
E) $x + y = -2$

- 3. The line with *x*-intercept $\frac{1}{2}$ and parallel to the line 2x + 3y + 4 = 0,
 - is

A) 2x + 3y - 1 = 0B) 2x + 3y + 6 = 0C) 2x + 3y + 2 = 0D) 2x + 3y = 0E) 2x + 3y + 1 = 0

4. Let k > 0. If the line through the points (-5, -3) and (-3, k) is perpendicular to the line kx + (2k + 3)y = 5, then k =

> A) 3 B) 1 C) 4 D) 2 E) 5

5. If ax + by + c = 0 is the equation of the line that passes through the point (-1,4) and parallel to the line 3x + 2y - 6 = 0, then $(a \cdot b) + c =$

<mark>A) 1</mark>
B) 8
C) -3
D) -11
E) -20

6. If slope of the line passing through the points (k, -3) and $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -2k\right)$ is $\frac{2}{3}$, then 4k =

<mark>A) 10</mark>

B) 5 C) -10 D) -5 E) 8 7. In the adjacent figure, if Ax - By = -36 represents the equation of LINE 1 that is tangent to the circle $\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + \left(y + \frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = 3$, then A + B =



8. The equation of the line passing through (-3, -5) and perpendicular to a line with zero slope is

A)
$$x = -3$$

B) $y = -5$
C) $y = 5$
D) $x = \frac{1}{3}$
E) $y = \frac{1}{5}$

9. The equation of the line that is passing through (2, -4) and perpendicular to the line 3x - 2y = 5, is

> A) 3y + 2x = -8B) 2y + 3x = -2C) 3y + 2x = -2D) 2y - 3x = -14E) y + 2x = 0

10. If the line kx + 4y = 24 and $y = -\frac{3}{k+1}x + \frac{15}{4}$ are parallel, then the set of values of k consists of:

A) one positive and one negative integer.

- B) two positive integers
- C) two positive integers
- D) one positive integer only
- E) one negative integer only

1 = 0 and passes through the point (1,3) is

<mark>A) (2,5/2)</mark>
B) (1,4)
C) (0,1)
D) (-1,3)
E) (-2,7/2)

12. The *y*-intercept of the line passing through the point (2,4) and perpendicular to the line 2x + 6y = -5 is:

A) -2 B) 2 C) -1/2 D) 1/2 E) 3 13.Let A(-6, -4), B(0, -2), and C(m, 8) be the vertices of a right triangle, where the right angle is at A. The value of m is

<mark>A) -10</mark>
B) 4
C) -8
D) -4
E) 6

14. The equation of the horizontal line through $(\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{3})$ is

A)
$$y + \sqrt{3} = 0$$

B) $x = -\sqrt{3}$
C) $y = \sqrt{2}$
D) $x - \sqrt{2} = 0$
E) $\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{3}y = 0$

15. The equation of the Vertical line through $(\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{3})$ is

A)
$$y + \sqrt{3} = 0$$

B) $x = -\sqrt{3}$
C) $y = \sqrt{2}$
D) $x - \sqrt{2} = 0$
E) $\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{3}y = 0$

16. The *y*-intercept of the line that passes through the points $\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2\right)$ and $\left(\frac{1}{8}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$ is equal to

A) (0,−1)

17. The equation of a line through the point (2, -10) and perpendicular to a line with undefined slope is

A) y = -10

18. Which one of the following statements is FALSE?

A) y = 5 is an equation of a vertical line.

B) The slope of the line passing through the points (-1, -5)

and (-5, -1) is -1.

- C) A line with a negative slope falls from left to right.
- D) The slope of a horizontal line is zero.
- E) If the slope is positive, then the line is increasing.

19. If the line passing through the points (2,6) and (-4, k) is parallel to the line 2x - 3y = 4, then k is equal to



20. Which one of the following statements is TRUE:

A) The slope of the horizontal line passing through the point

- <mark>(2,−1) is 0.</mark>
- B) The slope of the line $x = \frac{4}{3}$ is $\frac{4}{3}$.
- C) The slope of the line $2y + 3x = \frac{4}{3}$ is $\frac{3}{2}$.
- D) The slope of the vertical line passing through the point
- (-3,2) is 2.
- E) The slope of the line y = 0 is undefined.

21. If the line passing through the points (-1,4) and (-4, k) is parallel to the line x + 3y = 5, then k is equal to:



22. The *y*-intercept of the line with *x* - intercept - 2 and parallel to the line 3x + 4y = 5 is

A) $-\frac{3}{2}$

23. If the line ky - 5x = 1 is perpendicular to the line passing through the points (4, -1) and $\left(-\frac{7}{2}, 2\right)$ then k is equal to:

A) <mark>2</mark>

24. If the three points (a, -3), (-4, 1) and (a - 3, -1) are collinear, then 5a - 4 =

<mark>A) 6</mark>

25. If the line through the points (-k, 5) and (3, k + 1) is perpendicular to the line 2x + 3 = 0, then k =



26. The equation of the line with slope -2 and passing through the points (-1, p) and (2, 3p), is

A)
$$2x + y + 5 = 0$$

B) $2x + y + 7 = 0$
C) $x + 2y + 5 = 0$
D) $2x + y - 5 = 0$
E) $x - 2y - 5 = 0$

27.If (0, b) is the *y*-intercept of the line that is perpendicular to the line 2x + 3y - 5 = 0 and passes through the point (2, -1), then b =



28. If *a* and *b* are nonzero real numbers such that the line ax + y = b is perpendicular to the line cx + y = b + 2, then ac =

<mark>A) —1</mark>

29. If the line $ax + by + \frac{5}{2} = 0$ with the *y*-intercept $-\frac{5}{6}$ is parallel to the line 2x + 3y = 16, then a + b =

<mark>A) 5</mark>

B) -5 C) -10 D) -8

E) 10

30.A local diner must build a wheelchair ramp to provide handicap access to the restaurant. Federal building codes require that a wheelchair ramp must have a maximum rise of 1 inch for every horizontal distance of 12 inches. If the space available to build a ramp is 120 inches wide, then the ramp reaches a height of

<mark>A) 10 inches</mark>

- B) 12 inches
- C) 120 inches
- D) 100 inches
- E) 0.1 inches