

1) If $f(x) = a^x$ and $f^{-1}(27) = 3$, then $f(-1) =$

A) $\frac{1}{3}$

B) a

C) 3

D) $\frac{1}{a}$

E) -3

2) The adjacent graph represents the function

A) $f(x) = 5 - 2^{-x}$

B) $f(x) = 5 + 2^{-x}$

C) $f(x) = -5 - 2^x$

D) $f(x) = 5 + 2^x$

E) $f(x) = 5 - 5^{-x}$

3) The expression $2 - \log_2(x^3) - 4 \log_4(y)$ can be written as :

A) $\log_2\left(\frac{4}{x^3 y^2}\right)$

B) $\log_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{x^3 y^8}\right)$

C) $\log_2\left(\frac{2x^3}{y^2}\right)$

D) $\log_2\left(\frac{4}{x^3 y^{16}}\right)$

E) $\log_2\left(\frac{x^3 y^2}{4}\right)$

4) If $\log_3(5) = a$ and $\log_3(2) = b$, then $\log_{\sqrt{2}}(30) =$

A) $\frac{2 + 2a + 2b}{b}$

B) $\frac{2a + 2b + 2b^2}{b}$

C) $\frac{\sqrt{1 + a + b}}{b}$

D) $\frac{2a}{b^2}$

E) $2 + 2a + 2b$

5) Which one of the following angles is NOT coterminal with 50° :

- A) 310°
- B) 410°
- C) -310°
- D) 770°
- E) -670°

6) If α is the complementary angle of $20^\circ 34' 15''$ and β is the supplementary angle of $30^\circ 25' 45''$, then $\alpha + \beta =$

- A) 219°
- B) 51°
- C) 217°
- D) 52°
- E) 218°

7) If $\sin 10^\circ = k$, then $\cos(-640^\circ) + \sin(-190^\circ) =$

A) $2k$

B) 0

C) $-2k$

D) $-3k$

E) $-k$

8) In the adjacent figure, the value of $2a + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}b - \sqrt{3}c =$

A) 0

B) 72

C) -72

D) $16\sqrt{3}$

E) $40\sqrt{3}$

9) The length of the arc that subtends the central angle of 9° in a circle of radius 20 centimeter is :

- A) π cm
- B) 2π cm
- C) 360 cm
- D) 180 cm.
- E) 1 cm.

10) The reference angle of $\theta = 2$ radians is equal to

- A) $\pi - 2$
- B) $2 - \pi$
- C) $2 + \pi$
- D) $2\pi - 2$
- E) $\frac{\pi}{2} - 2$

11) If $h(x) = (g \circ f)(x)$ where $f(x) = \frac{3}{x-3}$ and $g(x) = \frac{2}{x}$, then $h^{-1}(x) =$

A) $\frac{3}{2}x + 3$

B) $\frac{3}{2}x - 3$

C) $\frac{3x+2}{3x}$

D) $\frac{3x-2}{3x}$

E) $\frac{3}{x-3}$

12) The inverse of the quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 + 1$, $x \leq 0$ is

A) $f^{-1}(x) = -\sqrt{x-1}$, $x \geq 1$

B) $f^{-1}(x) = -\sqrt{x-1}$, $x \geq 0$

C) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$, $x \geq -1$

D) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$, $x \geq 0$

E) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$, $x \geq 1$

13) The domain D and the range R of the function $f(x) = -\log_3(-x) - 2$ is

- A) $D:(-\infty, 0)$ and $R:(-\infty, \infty)$
- B) $D:(-\infty, 0)$ and $R:(-2, \infty)$
- C) $D:(0, \infty)$ and $R:(-\infty, \infty)$
- D) $D:(-\infty, 0)$ and $R:(0, \infty)$
- E) $D:(-2, \infty)$ and $R:(0, \infty)$

14) If $f(x) = |\log_2(x + 3)|$, then which one of the following statements is FALSE :

- A) The graph of f is increasing on $(-3, 2)$
- B) The graph of f is increasing on $(-2, \infty)$
- C) The domain of f is $(-3, \infty)$
- D) The range of f is $[0, \infty)$
- E) The x - intercept of the graph of f is $(-2, 0)$

15) The solution of the equation $3^{2X-1} = 5^{X+2}$ is equal to

A) $\frac{2\ln 5 + \ln 3}{2\ln 3 - \ln 5}$

B) $\frac{\ln 5 + 2\ln 3}{\ln 5 - \ln 3}$

C) $\frac{2\ln 5 - \ln 3}{2\ln 3 - \ln 5}$

D) $\frac{2\ln 5 + \ln 3}{\ln 5 - \ln 3}$

E) $\frac{\ln 5 + \ln 3}{\ln 5 - \ln 3}$

16) The solution set of the equation $\log(5-x) + \log(-3-x) = \log(1-8x)$ consists of

A) one negative real number .

B) one positive and one negative real numbers.

C) two positive real numbers.

D) two negative real numbers.

E) one positive real number.

17) If the terminal side of the angle θ in the standard position lies on the line $-5x - 3y = 0$, $x \leq 0$, then $\sin\theta + \cos\theta =$

A) $\frac{\sqrt{34}}{17}$

B) $-\frac{4\sqrt{34}}{17}$

C) $\frac{5\sqrt{34}}{17}$

D) $-\frac{\sqrt{34}}{17}$

E) $-\frac{3}{5}$

18) $\tan\left(\frac{31\pi}{4}\right) - \cos(780^\circ) =$

A) $-\frac{3}{2}$

B) $-\frac{1}{2}$

C) $\frac{3}{2}$

D) $\frac{1}{2}$

E) $\frac{-1 - \sqrt{3}}{2}$

19) Two buildings are 120 feet apart. The angle of elevation from the top of the shorter building to the top of the taller building is 40° . If the shorter building is 86 feet high, then the height of taller building is

- A) $86 + 120 \tan 40^\circ$ feet
- B) $86 + 120 \cot 40^\circ$ feet
- C) $120 + 86 \tan 40^\circ$ feet
- D) $120 + 86 \cot 40^\circ$ feet
- E) $120 \tan 40^\circ$ feet

20) If a point is on the edge of a wheel of diameter 20 centimeters and rotating 80 revolution per second, then the linear speed of the point in centimeters per second is

- A) 1600π cm./sec.
- B) 3200π cm./sec.
- C) $\frac{400}{\pi}$ cm./sec.
- D) $\frac{\pi}{800}$ cm/sec.
- E) $\frac{\pi}{400}$ cm./sec